UNA LENGUA ES UNA MANERA DIFERENTE DE VER EL MUNDO

80% VOCABULARY

24 HORAS

English: SKILLS

Speaking
Reading
Writing
Listening

Cuadro común de referencia europeo para las lenguas

1 EJEMPLO PARA CADA HABILIDAD EN UN DOMINIO.

A1
A2
B1
B2
C1
C2

EXAMANES INTERNACIONALES

IELTS	APTIS
800.000 (DOS AÑOS)	280.000 (DOS AÑOS)

5 MAYO

INTRODUCING YOURSELF

Personal information

NOUN	VERB
music	Listen
movies	watch
water	drink
----------	walk
----------	Take a shower
salsa	dance
Rice with chicken	eat
horse	ride
----------	run
magazine	read

1. My name is JULIÁN CAMILO GARZÓN
2. I am 33 years old.
3. I am from Bogotá
4. I like listening to music
   I like watching movies
   I like drinking water.
   I like walking in the street.
   I like taking a shower
5. I don't like dancing salsa
   I don't like eating rice with chicken
   I don't like riding horse
   I don't like running in the park
   I don't like reading magazines

Possible questions?

Write 5 questions.

1. What is your name?
2. How old are you?
3. Where are you from?
4. What do you like doing?
5. What don't you like doing?

Personal Pronouns		Pronombres personales	Possessive Adjectives
I – walk	Frist person singular	Yo – camino	My - Mi
You – walk	Second person singular	Usted – camina	Your - Su
		Tú – caminas	
		Sumercé – camina	
		Vos - caminás	
She	Third person singular	Ella	Her - Su
He		Él	His - Su
It		eso	Its – Su
		esa	
We	First person plural	Nosotros	Our – nuestro
		Nosotras	
You	Second person plural	Ustedes	Your – su
		Vosotros*	
They	Third person plural	Ellos	Their - su
		Ellas	
		Esos	
		esas	

Activity:

Interviewers

1. What is <u>your</u> name?
   His name is Jeison
2. How old are <u>you</u>?
   He is 25 years old
3. Where are you from?
4. What do you like doing?
   - He likeS listening to music
   - -
   - -
   - -
   -
5. What don't you like doing?
   - He doesn't like playing soccer.
   -
   - -
   - -
   - -

19 mayo

ALPHABET

1. Como se llama la letra.
2. Como suena esa letra.

- Silent E: at end the of the Word. Doesn't sound
- K: follow by an N is silent.

A [ei] – B [bi] – C [si] - D[di] – E[i] – F[ef] – G[yi] – H*[eich] – I[ai] – J*[yei] – K[kei] – L[el] – M[em] – N[en] – O[ou] – P[pi] – Q[kiu] - R[ar] – S[es] – T[ti] – U[iu] – V[vi] – W[dobol iu] – X[ex] – Y*[uai] – Z[zí]

KNIFE

J	U	L	I	A	N
Jump	uniform	lion	idea	airport	Noise

Wilmar – William – walter - whatsapp.

Wait – walk – water

June – jelly – join – july – jeaneth

Happy – hospital – ham – henry – Holman - heidy

Yes – yellow – p l a y e r

2 activities: 5 words with each sound of the vowels.

Vowel	Sound
A	Ei – April - Aid
	A – Apple - Atom
E	I – english - England
	E – Elephant – end
I	Ai – idea – iphone
	I – india – intelligent
O	Ou – Oven – ocean
	O – october – octopus
	A – outlet / out
U	Iu – uniform – united
	U – umbrela -
	O –umbrela - understand - under

PRESENT SIMPLE

26 mayo

1	TIGER	[taiguer]	Tigre	26	ENZYME	
2	KNIFE	[naif]	cuchillo	27	QUAKE	
3	BULLY			28	JAPAN	
4	IMAGE			29	WOMAN	
5	LYRIC			30	SUGAR	
6	MAGIC			31	WATER	
7	APPLE			32	NIECE	
8	GUESS			33	UNTIL	
9	QUICK			34	HOTEL	
10	SOUTH			35	AUDIO	
11	SMALL			36	CHIEF	
12	DIZZY			37	EXTRA	
13	PRINT			38	DELAY	
14	HEART			39	PAPER	
15	VIDEO			40	CROWN	
16	CLOCK			41	FLUID	
17	ALONE			42	MAKER	
18	GLASS			43	TODAY	
19	EARLY			44	WRONG	
20	SPEND			45	JUDGE	
21	POWER			46	THEFT	
22	DRIVE			47	PEACE	
23	SPEAK			48	CROSS	
24	MOUSE			49	RURAL	
25	RHYME			50	PITCH	

GATO: 1: HIDRAULICO 2: ANIMAL 3: GOLPE

A GLASS OF WINE

I like Obtaining credits for my work

I liked being recognize

Marcos salió con su mamá. Marcos dates _____ mom

Esta es mi casa, su jardín es grande.

This is my house, its garden is big

It’s time to go

It is time to go

Mi perro es bonito, su raza es bóxer

Mi cuarto es grande, sus paredes son blancas

Maria es doctora, su carro es azul

70% masculinas

Él compro el arroz

He bought the rice

Date

Maria dates Daniel.

TO INFINITVE GERNUNDS

I LIKE TO LISTEN

I LIKE LISTENING

START TO READ

START READING

INFINITOS	BE
GOOGLE WALK DRINK STUDY	

CLUES

- 1 VERB
- Time Expression

Every (day – year – hour – month – week)
Always
Usually
Never
Rarely
Often
Sometimes

- Add S / ES / IES +
- AUXILIARY

\- / ?

DO / DOES

02 junio

PRESENT SIMPLE

Uses: routines

+ / - NOT / ¿

AFFIRMATIVE

SUBJECT + VERB + COMPLEMENT

- They work at home every day
- She works at home every day

I	Work
you	Work
he	works
she	Works
it	Works
we	Work
You	Work
they	work

NEGATIVE

SUBJECT + AUX (NOT) + VERB + COMPL

- They DO NOT work at home every day
- She DOES NOT work at home every day

PRONOUN	VERB
I	Walk
You	Drink
He	Study
she	Forget
they	Write

DO / DID / WILL

CONSONANT + Y = IES

CRIES PLAYS

END IN SH / CH / X / SS add ES

WASH(ES) WATCH(ES) FIX(ES) DRESS(ES)

The rest of the verbs add S

YO ~~ESTOY~~ JUGANDO yo juego

YO CORRO

ELLOS ~~ESTAN~~ ESCRIBIENDO ellos escriben

NOSOTROS ~~ESTAMOS~~ ESTUDIANTO nosotros estudiamos

ELLA COME

9 junio

Respaso PResent simple

Taller tom’s work Evidencia

16 JULY – 2020

PRESENT SIMPLE

BE

SER / ESTAR

+ / - / ¿

I	AM
you	ARE
he	IS
she	IS
it	IS
we	ARE
You	ARE
they	ARE

CLUES
BE 1 VERB • ¡ES EL UNICO QUE SE CONJUGA! • BE NO EXISTE SIN UN COMPLEMENTO • BE NO NECESTIA AUXILIAR!

<u>AFFIRMATIVE</u>

SUBJECT + VERB + COMP

My sister is in the park

They are happy

I AM IN THE CHURCH

WHAT
WHERE
WHEN
WHY
HOW
WHO
WHICH

<u>NEGATIVE</u>

SUBJECT + VERB (NOT) + COMPL

My sister is not in the park

They are not happy

<u>QUESTIONS</u>

WH / VERB + SUBJECT + COMP

WHEN IS MY SISTER IN THE PARK?

ADJECTIVE (SER)	PLACE (estar)
• Beautiful • Intelligent • big • happy • interesent • angry • bad • cute • kind • wonderful • special • worker • bitter • teacher • bad temper • driver • dancer • administrator	• In the park • College • Island • Hospital • Street • House • Clinic • Church • Stadium • Cinema • Classroom • Wonder world • Office • Gym • Apartment • Dentist • Library • In my mind} • Swimming pool

SUBJECT	VERB
I	DRINK
YOU	CALL
HE	BE
SHE	SPEAK
IT	WORK
WE	BE
YOU	BE
THEY	STUDY
HE	BUY
SHE	READ

+ / - / ¿(WH)

- I drink soda
- I don’t drink soda
- What do i drink?

23 julio 2020

5. It _____two hours to get there. (take)
6. This sweater _____ four pounds. (cost)
7. Ted _____ football well. (play / not)
8. Miriam _____ too much time with him. (spend)
9. _____ to the BBC regularly? (listen / he)
10. Linda _____ German fluently. (speak)
11. He _____medicine. (study/not)
12. Miss Gibb _____ very well. (dress)
13. Barry _____ too much whisky. (drink)
14. Mike _____ only thrillers. (read)

27 agosto

Explicación gramar in use

Next class.

Short stories

TIME TENSE	USES	VERB	AUX	TIME EXPRESSIONS
PRESENT SIMPLE	• ROUTINES • True facts Never change7 • STATE VERBS	1 (VERB) ADD – S/ES/IES	DO - DOES	• Time Expression Every (day – year – hour – month – week) Always Usually Never Rarely Often Sometimes • STATE VERBS
PRESENT CONTINUOUS	1. An action that happens at the time of speaking. 2. Temporally situations 3. Future situations	2 VERBS: BE + VERB(ING)	AM IS ARE	1. TIME EXPRESSIONS: NOW AT THE MOMENT RIGHT NOW LOOK 2-. NO TIME EXPRESSION 3. Tomorrow Later. Next year, month, day, week

19 FEB 2021

5 march

PRESENT CONTINUOUS / Progressive

+ / - / ?

I	AM
YOU	ARE
HE	IS
SHE	IS
IT	IS
WE	ARE
YOU	ARE
THEY	ARE

USES:

1. An action that happens at the time of speaking.
2. Temporally situations
3. Future situations

100 Colombian students are studying in many universities in the USA next year.

He is working in the bank tomorrow

El esta trabajando en el banco mañana.

Look! She is reading a book

She is decorating her house.

Julián is typing in the laptop now.

The teacher is speaking about the Present Continuous

IS NOT = ISN'T

AFFIRMATIVE

<u>SUBJECT + BE + VERB(ING) + COMP</u>

- Julián is typing in the laptop now.
- The teacher is speaking about the Present Continuous at the moment.

NEGATIVE

<u>SUBJECT + BE (NOT) + VERB(ING) + COMP</u>

- They are not typing in the laptop now.

CLUES

2. 2 VERBS:
   BE + VERB(ING)

AM / IS / ARE + verb ING
work ING / walk ING /speak ING

1. TIME EXPRESSIONS:

NOW
AT THE MOMENT
!
RIGHT NOW

2. NO TIME EXPRESSION

3. Tomorrow
   Later.
   Next year, month, day, week

SPELLING
WORDS ENDING IN E
(Eliminate E and add ING)

3. Divide
4. Dive
5. Drive
6. Come

- The teacher is not speaking about the Present Continuous at the moment.

QUESTIONS

<u>WH / BE + SUBJECT + VERB (ING) + COMP</u>

- Why are they typing in the laptop now?
- Is the teacher speaking about the Present Continuous at the moment?

	SENTENCE WORDS	PRESENT CONTINUOUS	PRESENT SIMPLE	
	SHE / CALL /	She is calling her mom now. She isn't calling her mom now. Where is she calling her mom?	She calls her mom now. She doesn't call her mom. Where does she call her mom?	+ / - / ?
1	They / write			-
2	Sofia / sleep			?
3	We / get dress			+
4	Marcos / cook			-
5	I / revise			?

1. They aren't writing a book.
   They write a book.
2. Is Sofia sleeping in the bed?
   Does Sofia sleep in the bed?
3. We are getting dress now.
   We get dress in the room.
4. Marcos isn't cooking in the kitchen.
   Marcos doesn't cook in the kitchen.
5. Am I revising the text?
   Do I revise the text?

6 MAY

STATE VERBS

They are verbs which do not have a continuous form. (they can just be with PRESENT SIMPLE)

Feelings	Thoughts / Opinion	Sense	Possession	Measure and others.
Like	Remember	Smell	Belong	Cost
Prefer	Know	See (sentidos)	Own	Measure
Love	Understand	Sound	Have	Weight
Hate	Believe	Taste		Seem
Want	Guess	Touch		Contain
Need	Mean			Be
Mind	Suppose			Appear
Care	Doubt			Consist
	Realize			
	Forget			
	Agree			
	Imagine			
	Think (yo creo)			

- ~~I am liking this class.~~ = I like this class.
- ~~She is remembering her homework.~~ = She remembers her homework.
- ~~They are smelling bad.~~ = They smell bad.
- ~~She is belonging a car.~~ = She belongs a car.
- ~~My house is costing 5 thousand dollars.~~ = My house costs 5 thousand dollars
- Sonia is preferring another teacher.
- She is loving her boyfriend.
- I am heating people.
- They are wanting dinner.
- Sofia is needing help
- I am knowing the answer
- She is supposing to be the teacher. = she supposes
- They are doubting the answer
- He is realizing the news.
- We are agreeing the terms.
- She is seeing the TV news today.
- The music is sounding good.
- That car is weighing 100 tons
- The glass is containg wine.

Agree: estar de acuerdo

Teacher I agree.

- She is seeing the doctor today.
- He is seeing his girlfriend today.

Think: 1 Dar una opinion (yo creo)

2. Pensar (stative)

Teacher I think this topic is difficult

I'm thinking about the answer

Im thinking about you

BREAKFAST

LUNCH

DINNER

THEY HAVE THREE TICKEST

THEY ARE HAVING THREE TICKEST

20 mayo

Grammar in use

https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=present+simple+and+continuous

https://www.ego4u.com/en/cram-up/grammar/simpre-prepro/exercises?ex06

MAY 27 GOOGLE FORMS

JUNE 2 REVISION

Una lengua es una manera diferente de ver el mundo

QUANTIFIERS: Nouns

COUNTABLE: SE PUEDAN CONTAR, LO QUE TENGA UNA MANERA PLURAL.

UNCOUNTABLE: NO SE PUEDE CONTAR, NO TIENE UN PLURAL.

REGLA DEL TENDERO

- Salt
- Smoke
- Pain
- Sand
- Hair
- Earth
- Book
- Table
- Money
- Juice
- Coffee
- Chocolate

UNCOUNTABLE	COUNTABLE
• Waters • Air • Love • Hate • Meat • Salt • Smoke • Pain • Hair • Earth • Money • Juice • Milk • Coffee • Chocolate	• Computer • Apple • Orange • Book • Table

Food: Countable and Uncountable Nouns

